## 59. Nucleotides

Part LI<sup>1</sup>)

## Synthesis and Biological Activities of (2'-5')Adenylate Trimer Conjugates with 2'-Terminal 3'-O-( $\omega$ -Hydroxyalkyl) and 3'-O-( $\omega$ -Carboxyalkyl) Spacers

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An efficient strategy for the synthesis of (2'-5') adenylate trimer conjugates with 2'-terminal 3'-O-( $\omega$ -hydroxyalkyl) and 3'-O-( $\omega$ -carboxyalkyl) spacers is reported. Npeoc-protected adenosine building blocks 37-40 for phosphoramidite chemistry carrying a 3'-O-[11-(levulinoyloxy)undecyl], 3'-O-{2-[2-(levulinoyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}, 3'-O-[5-(2-cyanoethoxycarbonyl]pentyl], and 3'-O-{5-[(9H-fluoren-9-y]methoxy)carbonyl]pentyl} moiety, respectively, were prepared (npeoc = 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl). Condensation with the cordycepin (3'-deoxyadenosine) dimer 1 led to the corresponding trimers 42, 43, 47, and 48. Whereas the levulinoyl (lev) and 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl (fm) blocking groups could be cleaved off selectively from the trimers 42, 43, and 48 yielding the intermediates 44, 45, and 49 for the synthesis of the 3'-O-( $\omega$ -hydroxyalkyl)trimers 53, 54 and the cholesterol conjugates 59-61, the 2-cyanoethyl (ce) protecting group of 47, however, could not be removed in a similar manner from the carboxy function. Trimer 47 served as precursor for the preparation of the trimer 55 with a terminal 3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl)adenosine moiety. The metabolically stable 3'-O-alkyl-(2'-5')A derivatives were tested regarding inhibition of HIV-1 syncytia formation and HIV-1 RT activity. Only the conjugate 59 showed significant effects, whereas the trimers 53-55 and the conjugates 60 and 61 were less potent inhibitors, even at 100-fold larger concentrations.

1. Introduction. – Despite of the successful isolation of the AIDS-causing human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) by *Montagnier* and coworkers [2] and *Gallo* and coworkers [3] in 1983, up to now no 'cure' for AIDS could be established. All so far approved drugs belong to the 2',3'-dideoxynucleoside class (AZT, DDI, DDC), their target being the retrovirus-specific reverse transcriptase (RT) [4], but serious toxic side effects (*e.g.* bone-marrow suppression) reinforced the search for other anti-HIV drugs [5]. Between HIV production and the level of (2'-5')oligoadenylates ((2'-5')A), mediators in the interferon-induced response to virus infection (2-5A synthetase/RNase L pathway [6][7]), exists an inverse correlation [8]. Therefore, extending the period during which the cellular level of (2'-5')A is high seems a promising strategy for anti-HIV chemotherapy.

<sup>1</sup>) Part L: [1].

A metabolically more stable and nevertheless untoxic derivative of (2'-5')A is the cordycepin (3'-deoxyadenosine) trimer [9], first chemically synthesized by Charubala and Pfleiderer in 1980 [10]. As expected, it inhibited virus production when encapsuled in liposomes in  $\mu$ M concentration [11]. Surprisingly the target of the cordycepin trimer was found to be the HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (RT) [12]. It is most likely that this inhibitory effect is caused by complexation of the cordycepin trimer with uridine residues in the anticodon domain of tRNA<sup>Lys.3</sup> [13], the primer of RT, thus weakening the complex formation of RT and its primer. A further 1000-fold augmentation of antiviral activity could be achieved by attaching cholesterol to the 2'- or 5'-end of cordycepin trimers via ester linkages [14]. In a previous publication [15], we reported on the synthesis of a new type of (2'-5') adenylate trimer conjugates with 3'-O-(2-hydroxyalkyl) spacer. The synthesis was realized by phosphoramidite chemistry using the npe/npeoc blocking group strategy [16-18], (npe = 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl, npeoc = 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl) the crucial point being the selective deprotection of the spacer's OH function from the appropriately blocked trimer in order to enable the coupling of the cholesterol (cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol) moiety of the spacer. For protection of the spacer's OH moiety, the acetyl group was used and cleaved off from the fully blocked trimer in 60% yield. We now want to report on a strategy using the levulinoyl group [19][20] to protect 3'-O-( $\omega$ hydroxyalkyl) spacers as well as on the synthesis of trimers and a cholesterol conjugate with a 3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl) spacer.

2. Syntheses. – Analogously to our previously developed method [15], npeoc-protected adenosine building blocks 37-40 served as intermediates, which afforded trimers on condensation with phosphoramidite 1 of a cordycepin dimer [15]. The multistep synthesis of these monomeric building blocks was based on  $N^6$ , 2'-O, 5'-O-tris(trityl)adenosine (2), prepared from adenosine by a known procedure [21–23]. As  $\omega$ -hydroxyalkyl spacers appropriately protected for the alkylation (11-bromoundecyloxy)dimethyl(thexyl)silane (3; thexyl = 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl), (12-bromodoctecyloxy)dimethyl(thexyl)silane (4), and [2-(2-iodoethoxy)ethoxy]dimethyl(thexyl)silane (6) were obtained in 78–56% yield starting from the corresponding alcohols, with 2-(2-iodoethoxy)ethanol (5) resulting from *Finkelstein* reaction of the chloroprecursor (55% yield). Reaction of spacers 3, 4, and 6 with  $N^6$ , 2'-O, 5'-O-tris(trityl)adenosine (2) under *Williamson* conditions using NaH as base afforded the 3'-O-alkyl ethers 7–9 (90–82%), which led after removal of the silyl groups with fluoride ions to the alcohols 10–12 (94–87%).

Furthermore, alkylation of 2 went on more smoothly with ethyl 6-bromohexanoate than with the free acid and yielded ether 13 (71%), which gave on treatment with THF/EtOH/1M NaOH 2:2:1 acid 14 (94%).

For protection of the OH function, levulinic acid (= 4-oxopentanoic acid, levOH) was applied whereas the COOH function was blocked either with the 2-cyanoethyl(ce) or (9*H*-fluoren-9-yl)methyl (fm) group. The protecting groups were introduced in the presence of *N*-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-*N*'-ethylcarbodiimide (ECD) and 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP) to give the esters **15**-**19** in 92-67% yields. The trityl groups were cleaved off with 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O at 100° yielding the 3'-O-alkyladenosines **20**-**24** (88-64%) and paving the way for the introduction of the 2-(4-nitrophenyl)-ethoxycarbonyl (npeoc) groups [16-18]. Transient protection of **20** and **22**-**24** using hexamethyldisilazane and subsequent reaction with 1-methyl-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)-



 ${}^{i}Pr = isopropyl, tds = dimethyl(thexyl)silyl$ 

ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride afforded, after desilylation with aqueous acetic acid, the  $N^6$ -npeoc derivates **25–28** (79–60%). Then the 5'-OH functions were selectively monomethoxytritylated leading to **29–32** (89–67%), and the 2'-OH positions blocked using 1-methyl-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride and DMAP to give **33–36** (89–91%). Finally, the monomeric building blocks **37–40** were obtained in 92–76% yield by detritylation of their precursors **33–36**.

By hydrazinolysis, the levulinoyl protecting group of **33** was selectively cleaved off without harming the npeoc groups, and the alcohol **41** was isolated in 94% yield, whereas removal of the acetyl group from the previously reported corresponding 3'-O-(2-acetoxyethyl)-5'-O-(monomethoxytrityl)- $N^6$ -[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-2'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl]adenosine could only be performed in 63% yield [15]. As already mentioned, the trimers **42** (93%) and **43** (94%) were synthesized by condensation of the monomeric building blocks **37** and **38** with the dimeric phosphoramidite **1** in the presence of 1*H*-tetrazole and subsequent  $I_2$  oxidation. Cleavage of the levulinoyl groups led to the alcohols **44** in 94% and **45** in 77% yield, while the acetyl protecting group was only cleaved off in 60% yield from the corresponding trimer [15].

To study the cleavage of the terminal ester functions (COOce or COOfm) to the carboxy group, **36** was treated with piperidine affording under fm deprotection **46** (75%), whereas the removal of ce from **35** using  $0.1 \le 1.8$ -diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU) occurred only with simultaneous loss of npeoc groups. Consequently, the free acid **49** was synthesized in 87% yield from the fm-blocked trimer **48**, which was obtained, as well as trimer **47**, by coupling of the corresponding building block **39** or **40** with phosphoramidite **1** in 89% (**47**) and 95% (**48**) yield, respectively.

The trimers 44, 45, and 47 were stepwise deblocked in good yields first by acid treatment ( $\rightarrow$  50 (75%), 51 (76%), and 52 (80%), resp.) and then using DBU to give the 3'-O-( $\omega$ -hydroxyalkyl) trimers 53 and 54 and the 3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl) trimer as HDBU<sup>+</sup> salt 55 in 70, 92, and 92% yield, respectively. All these totally deprotected trimers turned out to be well H<sub>2</sub>O-soluble.



	R	R <sup>1</sup>	R²	R <sup>3</sup>	R	R <sup>1</sup>	R²	R <sup>3</sup>
7	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> Otds	Tr	Tr	21 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>12</sub> Olev	H	н
8	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>12</sub> Otds	Tr	Tr	22 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	н	н
9	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Otds	Tr	Tr	23 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	н	н
10	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ),,OH	Tr	Tr	24 H	(CH₂)₅COOfm	н	н
11	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>12</sub> OH	Tr	Tr	25 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> )11Olev	н	npeoc
12	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OH	Tr	Tr	26 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	н	npeoc
13	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOEt	Tr	Tr	27 H	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	н	npeoc
14	Tr	(CH2)SCOOH	Tr	Tr	28 H	(CH₂)₅COOfm	н	npeoc
15	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> Olev	Tr	Tr	29 MeC	OTr (CH <sub>2</sub> )11Olev	н	npeoc
16	Тг	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>12</sub> Olev	Tr	Tr	30 MeC	OTr (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	н	npeoc
17	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	Tr	Тг	31 MeC	Tr (CH₂)₅COOce	н	npeoc
18	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	Tr	Tr	32 MeC	OTr (CH₂)₅COOfm	н	npeoc
19	Tr	(CH <sub>2</sub> )₅COOfm	Tr	Tr	33 MeC	OTr (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> Olev	npeoc	npeoc
20	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> )11Olev	н	н	34 MeC	OTr (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	npeoc	npeoc

	R	R <sup>1</sup>	R²	R <sup>3</sup>
35	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	npeoc	npeoc
36	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOfm	npeoc	npeoc
37	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> )11Olev	npeoc	npeoc
38	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Olev	npeoc	npeoc
39	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	npeoc	npeoc
40	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOfm	npeoc	npeoc
41	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> OH	npeoc	преос
46	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOH	npeoc	npeoc
62	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOH	н	npeoc
63	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOH	npes	npeoc
64	MeOTr	(CH <sub>2</sub> )₅COOchol	npes	npeoc
65	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOchol	npes	npeoc

Tr = trityl, lev = levulinoyl = 1,4-dioxopentyl, ce = 2-cyanoethyl, fm = (9H-fluoren-9-yl)methyl, npes = 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl, chol = cholest-5-en-3*B*-yl

Next, conjugate formation was achieved by coupling of the alcohols 44 and 45 with cholesteryl chloroformate under activation with 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole and DMAP as well as by condensation of acid 49 with cholesterol in the presence of EDC and DMAP to form the fully protected conjugates 56-58 (76-40%), which gave on standard deblocking with acid and DBU the conjugates 59-61 in 80-42% overall yield.

Another route for the preparation of the cholesterol conjugate 61 started from 31, which gave in the first step on treatment with 0.1M DMU the acid 62 (72%). After 2'-O-protection with the 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl (npes) group [24] [25] leading to 63 (86%), the cholesterol moiety was introduced already into the monomeric building block to yield conjugate 64 (60%). Detritylation afforded 65 (89%), and condensation with phosphoramidite 2 led to trimer 66 (49%). Total deprotection of trimer 66 to conjugate 61 was performed similarly to the deblocking of trimer 58 in 53% yield.

	$R^{O} \xrightarrow{(N + N, R')}_{R^{O} \xrightarrow{(P = 0)}_{P = 0}} \xrightarrow{(N + N, R')}_{N + N} \xrightarrow{(N + N, R')}_{N $										
	R	R1	R²	R³	R <sup>4</sup>		R	R1	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R⁴
42	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> Olev	npe	53	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> )11OH	(HDBU)
43	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Oiev	npe	54	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OH	(HDBU)
44	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> OH	npe	55	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COO(HDBU)	(HDBU)
45	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OH	npe	56	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> OCOOchol	npe
47	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH₂)₅COOœ	npe	57	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OCOOchol	npe
48	MeOTr	преос	npeoc	(CH₂)₅COOfm	npe	58	MeOTr	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOchol	npe
49	MeOTr	npecc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOH	npe	59	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> OCOOchol	(HDBU)
50	н	npecc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> )11OH	npe	60	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OCOOchoi	(HDBU)
51	н	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OH	npe	61	н	н	н	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOchol	(HDBU)
52	н	npeoc	npeoc	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> COOce	npe	66	MeOTr	npeoc	npes	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>s</sub> COOchol	npe

It has also to be mentioned that conjugate 60 with a diethyleneglycol spacer could be dissolved in  $H_2O$  and trimer 61 with a pentyl spacer in various buffers, whereas, however, conjugate 59 with a undecyl spacer was only soluble in DMSO and ternary mixtures of  $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH/H_2O$ .

3. Biochemical Application. – The 3'-O-( $\omega$ -hydroxyalkyl) trimers 53 and 54 and the 3'-O-( $\omega$ -carboxyalkyl) trimer 55 as well as the corresponding cholesterol conjugates 59–61 were screened by the infected-centers assay to measure their ability to inhibit HIV-1-induced syncytia formation, an indicator of HIV-1 replication in T-cells. The most potent inhibitor of this series of HIV-1 replication is 59; at 1.6  $\mu$ M, this (2'-5')A derivative inhibited HIV-1 syncytia formation 3.4-fold (*Table*). This compares with a decreased inhibition of syncytia by compounds 53–55, 60, 61, and 3'-deoxyadenyly!-(2'-5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'-5')-3'-O-( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)adenosine [15] shown in the *Table* at concentrations of 300  $\mu$ M. The inhibition of HIV-1 replication by 59 may be attributed to the 11 % inhibition of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (RT) and/or pleiotropic activities, since, *e.g.*, alkyl derivatives of glycerol have shown inhibition of HIV-1 replication at the budding stage. With the other 3'-O-alkyl-(2'-5')A derivatives, there is little inhibition of syncytia formation and little inhibition of HIV-1 RT activity. Either these (2'-5')A derivatives are not taken up by HIV-1-infected cells, or, if taken up, they do not induce an inhibitory effect.

Trimer	Terminal 3'-O-substituent	Inhibition of syncytia formation <sup>a</sup> ) fold	Inhibition of HIV-1 RT activity <sup>b</sup> ) [%]	
	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OH	0.9	0	
	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> OCOOchol	$n/a^{c}$ )	64	
	(CH <sub>2</sub> ),COO(HDBU)	1.3	8	
	$(CH_2)$ ,COOchol	n/a <sup>c</sup> )	20	
	(CH <sub>2</sub> ), OH	1.3	1	
	(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub> OCOOchol	3.4	11	
	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH [15]	0.8	0	

Table. Inhibition of HIV-1 Replication by (2'-5')A Trimer Analogs Carrying a Terminal 3'-O- $(\omega$ -Substituted Alkyl) Residue

<sup>a</sup>) Inhibition of HIV-1 replication was determined by HIV-1-induced syncytia formation (fold reduction). Compound 59 was tested at 1.6 μM; all the other compounds at 300 μM. The mean of triplicate determinations is shown; variance did not exceed 5-10%.

<sup>b</sup>) Percent inhibition of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (HIV-1 RT) activity was measured under the same conditions as described in *Footnote a*.

<sup>c</sup>) Compound exhibited toxicity upon prolonged incubation with Sup T1 cells.

d) Compound 59 was dissolved in 0.5% DMSO.

## **Experimental Part**

General. TLC: Precoated silica gel TLC sheets F 1500 LS 254 from Schleicher & Schüll. Prep. TLC: silica gel 60 PF<sub>254</sub> (Merck). Prep. column flash chromatography (FC): silica gel for flash chromatography (Baker); 0.2 bar. HPLC: Merck-Hitachi L 620, L-3000 photo diode array detector; column RP 18, LiChrosphere 125 × 4 mm, 5 µm, Merck; flow rate 1 ml/min. UV/VIS: Perkin-Elmer Lambda 5;  $\lambda_{max}$  in nm(log  $\varepsilon$ ). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR: Bruker AC 250;  $\delta$  in ppm rel. to CHCl<sub>3</sub> ((D<sub>5</sub>)DMSO). <sup>31</sup>P-NMR: Jeol JM 6X-400;  $\delta$  in ppm rel. to 85% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> soln. light petroleum ether = p.e.

Bioassay. Assays measuring HIV-1-induced syncytia formation were accomplished as described [26].

(11-Bromoundecyloxy) dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silane (3). To a soln. of 1H-imidazole (7.95 g, 0.12 mol) in abs. THF (100 ml), first dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyl chloride (8.4 ml, 43 mmol), and after 10 min, 11-bromoundecanol (9.8 g, 39 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred overnight, diluted with p.e. (100 ml), and washed with sat. NaCl soln. ( $3 \times 100$  ml). The aq. phases were re-extracted with p.e. ( $3 \times 50$  ml), the combined org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (100 g), d 6.5 cm; p.e. (100 ml), p.e./AcOEt 95: 5 (500 ml)): 10.4 g (68%) of 3. Colourless oil. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.55 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>O); 3.39 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Br); 1.86 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br); 1.60 (m, CH); 1.47–1.28 (m, 8 CH<sub>2</sub>); 0.85 (m, 4 MeC); 0.08 (s, 2 MeSi). Anal. calc. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>41</sub>BrOSi (393.5): C 57.99, H 10.50; found: C 57.95, H 10.34.

(12-Bromododecyloxy)dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silane (4). As described for 3, with 1H-imidazole (1.95 g, 29 mmol), THF (40 ml), dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyl chloride (1.9 ml, 9.6 mmol), and 12-bromododecanol (2.8 g, 11 mmol). The crude product was destilled (185° 0.4 mbar): 2.2 g (56%) of 4. Colourless oil. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.56 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>O); 3.38 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Br); 1.85 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br); 1.60 (m, CH); 1.47–1.28 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>); 0.85 (m, 4 MeC); 0.09 (s, 2 MeSi). Anal. calc. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>4.3</sub>BrOSi (407.6): C 58.94, H 10.63; found: C 58.80, H 10.58.

2-(2-Iodoethoxy)ethanol (5). Diethyleneglycol monochlorohydrin (= 2-(2-chloroethoxy)ethanol; 10 ml, 94 mmol) and NaI (1.5 g, 120 mmol) were refluxed in ethyl methyl keton (40 ml) for 1 d. The mixture was diluted with AcOEt (500 ml) and washed with Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> soln. (3 × 500 ml), the aq. phase re-extracted with AcOEt (3 × 250 ml), the combined org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue submitted to vacuum destillation (64°/0.4 mbar): 11.2 g (55%) of **5**. Yellowish oil. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.77-3.72 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>); 3.61-3.57 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>OH); 3.24 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>I); 2.20 (br. *s*, OH). Anal. calc. for C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>IO<sub>2</sub> (216.0): C 22.24, H 4.20; found: C 21.87, H 4.21.

[2-(2-Iodoethoxy)ethoxy]dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silane (6). As described for 3, with 1H-imidazole (10.2 g, 150 mmol), THF (60 ml), dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyl chloride (10.8 ml, 55 mmol), and 5 (10.8 g, 50 mmol). Workup and purification by vacuum destillation ( $96^{\circ}/0.4$  mbar) yielded 14.0 g (78%) of 6. Colourless

oil. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.78-3.72 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>); 3.58-3.53 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>Otds); 3.23 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>I); 1.68-1.55 (*m*, CH); 0.85 (*m*, 4 MeC); 0.09 (*s*, 2 MeSi). Anal. calc. for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>27</sub>IO<sub>2</sub>Si (358.3): C 40.22, H 7.59; found: C 40.38, H 7.55.

3'-O-{11-[Dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyloxy]undecyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (7). A mixture of  $N^{6}$ ,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (2) [21–23] (7.3 g, 73 mmol) and 80% oil-immersed NaH (0.85 g, 28 mmol) in abs. MeCN (160 ml) was stirred at r.t. for 10 min, then NaI (0.66 g, 4.4 mmol) and 3 (8.7 g, 22 mmol) were added. The mixture was kept overnight, then diluted with AcOEt (100 ml), and washed with phosphate buffer pH (3 × 200 ml). Then the aq. phases were re-extracted with AcOEt (3 × 100 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (300 g), 7 × 18 cm; p.e. (250 ml), p.e./ACOEt 9:1 (500 ml), 7:1 (400 ml), 5:1 (600 ml), 3:1 (400 ml), and 2:1 (600 ml)): 8.4 g (88%) of 7. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_f$  0.82. UV (MeOH): 274(4.32). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.67, 7.66 (2s, H–(2), H–C(4)); 3.56 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Otds); 3.25–2.85 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), H–C(1')); 5.13 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.10 (m, H–C(4')); 3.56 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Otds); 3.25–2.85 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), H–C(3')); 1.60–1.26 (m, CH, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>); 0.90–0.80 (m, 4 MeC); 0.06, 0.05 (2 s, 2 MeSi, diast.). Anal. calc. for C<sub>86</sub>H<sub>95</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si (1306.8): C 79.04, H 7.33, N 5.36; found: C 78.69, H 7.45, N 5.19.

3'-O-{12-[Dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyloxy]dodecyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (8). As described for 7, with 2 [21-23] (99 mg, 0.1 mmol), 80% oil-immersed NaH (35 mg, 1.2 mmol), abs. MeCN (5 ml), NaI (5 mg, 33 µmol) and 4 (120 mg, 0.3 mmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 8$  cm; p.e. (50 ml), p.e./AcOEt 9:1 (50 ml), 5:1 (60 ml)) yielded 110 mg (82%) of 8. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.77. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 282 (sh, 4.17), 274 (4.33), 269 (sh, 4.32). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.67, 7.66 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.38-7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.89 (s, NH); 6.00 (d, J = 7.1, H-C(1')); 5.13 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.08 (m, H-C(4')); 3.54 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Otds); 3.30-2.85 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5'), H-C(3')); 1.65-1.25 (m, CH, H<sub>2</sub>O, 10 CH<sub>2</sub>); 0.85 (m, 4 MeC); 0.06, 0.05 (2s, MeSi, diast.). Anal. calc. for C<sub>87</sub>H<sub>97</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si · H<sub>2</sub>O (1338.8): C 78.04, H 7.45, N 5.23; found: C 77.64, H 7.53, N 5.13.

3'-O-{2-{2-[Dimethyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)silyloxy]ethoxy}ethyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (9). As described for 7, with 2 [21-23] (13.3 g, 13 mmol), 80 % oil-immersed NaH (2.4 g, 80 mmol), abs. MeCN (150 ml), and 6 (13.3 g, 37 mmol). After 4 h stirring at r.t., workup and purification by FC (silica gel (300 g),  $7 \times 16$  cm; p.e. (500 ml), p.e./AcOEt 9:1 (500 ml), 7:1 (400 ml), 5:1 (300 ml), 3:1 (800 ml), 2:1 (600 ml), 1:1 (500 ml)) gave 14.3 g (90 %) of 9. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_f$  0.76. UV (MeOH): 282 (sh, 4.24), 274(4.35). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.71, 7.68 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.38-7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.91 (s, NH); 6.07 (d, J = 7.4, H-C(1')); 5.15 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.11 (m, H-C(4')); 3.68-3.50 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>); 3.33-3.00 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.78 (d, H-C(3')); 1.58 (m, CH); 0.88-0.80 (m, 4 MeC); 0.07, 0.06 (2s, MeSi, diast). Anal. calc. for  $C_{79}H_{81}N_5O_6$ Si (1224.6): C 77.48, H 6.67, N 5.71; found: C 77.18, H 6.79, N 5.76.

3'-O-(11-Hydroxyundecyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (10). A mixture of 7 (8.4 g, 6.5 mmol), Bu<sub>4</sub>NF · 3 H<sub>2</sub>O (2.9 g, 9.2 mmol), and abs. THF (10 ml) was kept at r.t. overnight. Then it was diluted with AcOEt (100 ml) and washed with sat. NaCl soln. (3 × 100 ml). The aq. phases were re-extracted with AcOEt (3 × 100 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (150 g), 5.5 × 12 cm; toluene (200 ml), toluene/AcOEt 9:1 (200 ml), 7:1 (160 ml), 6:1 (140 ml), 5:1 (360 ml), 4:1 (400 ml)): 7.1 g (94%) of 10. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_t$  0.24. UV (MeOH): 273(4.32). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.36 (br. s, NH); 7.46, 7.45 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.37-6.99 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.10 (d, J = 7.5, H-C(1')); 5.12 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.31 (t, OH); 3.92 (m, H-C(4')); 3.35 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>OH); 3.20-2.70 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.43 (d, H-C(3')); 1.42-1.20 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>79</sub>H<sub>79</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (1164.5): C 80.45, H 6.66, N 6.01; found: C 79.88, H 6.66, N 5.86.

3'-O-(12-Hydroxydodecyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (11). As described for 10, with 8 (1.3 g, 0.9 mmol),  $Bu_4NF \cdot 3 H_2O$  (430 mg, 1.4 mmol), and abs. THF (3 ml). After workup and purification by FC (silica gel (20 g),  $3 \times 9$  cm; toluene (50 ml), toluene/AcOEt 9:1 (100 ml), 6:1 (70 ml), 3:1 (80 ml)), 970 mg (87%) of 11 were obtained. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_f$  0.30. UV (MeOH): 282(sh, 4.20), 273(4.34), 268(sh, 4.33). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.35 (br. s, NH); 7.48, 7.47 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.37-6.99 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.12 (d, J = 7.5, H-C(1')); 5.12 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.32 (t, OH); 3.90 (m, H-C(4')); 3.35 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>OH); 3.20-2.20 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.45 (d, H-C(3')); 1.40-1.21 (m, 10 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for  $C_{80}H_{81}N_5O_5$  (1178.5): C 80.51, H 6.76, N 5.94; found: C 80.30, H 6.85, N 5.94.

3'-O-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>, 2'-O, 5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (12). As described for 10, with 9 (14.3 g, 12 mmol), Bu<sub>4</sub>NF · 3 H<sub>2</sub>O (5.0 g, 16 mmol), and abs. THF (30 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (200 g),  $5.5 \times 17$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (500 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (500 ml), 98:2 (500 ml), 97:3 (500 ml), 96:4 (500 ml), 95:5 (1500 ml)) gave 12.0 g (91%) of 12. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_f$  0.46. UV (MeOH): 282(sh, 4.23), 274(4.25), 270(sh, 4.33). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.37 (br. s, NH); 7.49, 7.46 (2s,

 $\begin{array}{l} H-C(2), H-C(8)); \ 7.37-7.02 \ (m, 45 \ H \ of \ Tr); \ 6.13 \ (d, \ J=7.6, \ H-C(1')); \ 5.12 \ (dd, \ H-C(2')); \ 4.56 \ (t, \ OH); \ 4.03 \ (m, \ H-C(4')); \ 3.52-3.40 \ (m, \ 3 \ CH_2O); \ 3.36 \ (s, \ H_2O); \ 3.32-2.88 \ (m, \ CH_2O-C(3'), \ 2 \ H-C(5')); \ 2.45 \ (d, \ H-C(3')). \ Anal. \ calc. \ for \ C_{71}H_{63}N_5O_6 \ \cdot \ H_2O \ (1100.3): \ C \ 77.50, \ H \ 5.95, \ N \ 6.36; \ found: \ C \ 77.62, \ H \ 6.00, \ N \ 6.73. \end{array}$ 

3'-O-[5-(Ethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (13). A mixture of 2 [21-23] (0.23 g, 0.23 mmol) and 80% oil-immersed NaH (40 mg, 1.3 mmol) in abs. MeCN (5 ml) was stirred at r.t. for 10 min, then a catal. amount of NaI and ethyl 6-bromohexanoate (*Fluka*; 0.12 ml, 0.67 mmol) were added. The mixture was kept overnight, then diluted with AcOEt (50 ml), and washed with 10% citric acid soln. (50 ml) and phosphate buffer pH 7 (3 × 50 ml). The aq. phases were re-extracted with AcOEt (3 × 100 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purfied by FC (silica gel (7 g), 2 × 8 cm; p.e. (50 ml), p.e./AcOEt 9:1 (50 ml), 7:1 (40 ml), 5:1 (60 ml), 4:1 (50 ml), 3:1 (80 ml), and 2:1 (30 ml)): 0.19 g (71%) of 13. Colourless foam, which crystallized from EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O 5:1. Colourless crystals. M.p. 115°. TLC (p.e./AcOEt 3:1):  $R_t$  0.32. UV (MeOH): 282(sh, 4.23), 274(4.29). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.37 (s, NH); 7.47 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.38-7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.12 (d, J = 7.5, H-C(1')); 5.18 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.07-3.99 (q, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 1.53-1.30 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>); 1.16 (t, Me). Anal. calc. for  $C_{75}H_{69}N_5O_6 \cdot 0.5 H_2O$  (1145.3): C 78.65, H 6.16, N 6.11; found: C 78.56, H 6.00, N 6.25.

3'-O-(5-Carboxypentyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (14). In THF/EtOH/1M NaOH 2:2:1 (100 ml), 13 (6.4 g, 5.6 mmol) was kept at r.t. for 4 h. Then the mixture was neutralized with AcOH, diluted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (250 ml), and washed with sat. NaCl soln.  $(3 \times 250 \text{ ml})$ . The aq. phases were re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 100 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (130 g), 5 × 20 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (250 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 98:2 (200 ml), 95:5 (200 ml), 93:7 (400 ml), 91 (300 ml)): 5.8 g (94%) of 14. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.34. UV (MeOH): 274(4.33). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 12.01 (br. s, COOH); 8.37 (s, NH); 7.48, 7.47 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.35-7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.12 (d, J = 7.0, H-C(1')); 5.18 (dd, H-C(2')); 3.95 (m, H-C(4')); 3.20-3.10, 2.95-2.65 (2m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.45 (d, H-C(3')); 2.15 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.52-1.12 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>73</sub>H<sub>65</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (1108.6): C 79.11, H 5.91, N 6.32; found: C 79.19, H 5.97, N 6.61.

3'-O-{11-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (15). After stirring a soln. of 10 (7.1 g, 6.1 mmol), EDC · HCl (1.4 g, 7.4 mmol), and DMAP (1.1 g, 9.0 mmol) in abs.  $CH_2Cl_2$  (40 ml) for 5 min at r.t., levulinic acid (1.2 g, 9.9 mmol) was added. The soln. was stirred for 3 h, then diluted with  $CHCl_3$  (100 ml) and washed with sat. NaCl soln. (3 × 100 ml). The aq. phases were re-extracted with  $CHCl_3$  (3 × 100 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (160 g), 5.5 × 13 cm; toluene (200 ml), toluene/AcOEt 9:1 (200 ml), 7:1 (160 ml), 5:1 (720 ml)): 6.6 g (86 %) of 15. Colour-less foam. TLC (toluence/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_f$  0.51. UV (MeOH): 273(4.31). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.68, 7.67 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.38-6.99 (m, 45 H to Tr); 6.90 (s, NH); 6.02 (d, J = 7.1, H-C(1')); 5.15 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.04-4.02 (m, H-C(4'),  $CH_2$ Olev); 3.28-2.85 (m,  $CH_2O-C(3')$ , 2 H-C(5'), H-C(3')); 2.72 (t,  $CH_2$ COO); 2.56 (t,  $CH_2CO$ ; 2.17 (s, Me); 1.62-1.26 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for  $C_{83}H_{83}N_5O_7$  (1262.6): C 78.96, H 6.63, N 6.66; found: C 78.45, H 6.68, N 5.45.

3'-O-{12-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]dodecyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (**16**). As described for **15**, with **11** (680 mg, 580 µmol), EDC · HCl (130 mg, 720 µmol), DMAP (100 mg, 860 µmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), and levulinic acid (135 mg, 810 µmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (15 g),  $2.5 \times 10$  cm; toluene (100 ml), toluene/AcOEt 9:1 (100 ml)) led to 550 mg (74%) of **16**. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.52. UV (MeOH): 283 (sh, 4.16), 274 (4.32), 268 (sh, 4.31). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.68, 7.67 (2s, H–C(2), H–C(8)); 7.38-7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.89 (s, NH); 6.01 (d, J = 7.1, H–C(1')); 5.13 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.07-4.01 (m, H–C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.20, 3.05, 2.85 (3m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), H–C(3')); 2.73 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.57 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.17 (s, Me); 1.60-1.25 (m, 10 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>84</sub>H<sub>85</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>7</sub> · 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O (1285.6): C 78.48, H 6.74, N 5.45; found: C 78.34, H 6.84, N 5.48.

3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-Dioxopenty]) oxy]ethoxy}ethyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl) (17). As described for 15, with 12 (11.4 g, 10 mmol), EDC · HCl (2.4 g, 12 mmol), DMAP (1.8 g, 14 mmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (60 ml), and levulinic acid (2.45 g, 21 mmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (250 g), 5.5 × 23 cm, toluene/AcOEt 1:1 (1000 ml)) led to 11.0 g (92%) of 17. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_t$  0.78. UV (MeOH): 279 (sh, 4.32), 274 (4.35). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.73, 7.67 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.36-6.99 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.95 (s, NH); 6.05 (d, J = 7.3, H-C(1')); 5.04 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.12-4.08 (m, H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.66-3.54 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O); 3.32-3.00 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.78 (d, H-C(3')); 2.63 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.48 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.09 (s, Me); 1.82 (s, H<sub>2</sub>O). Anal. calc. for C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>69</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>8</sub> · 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O (1189.4): C 76.75, H 5.93, N 5.88; found: C 76.57, H 5.83, N 5.98.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl) (18). As described for 15, with 14 (8.3 g, 7.1 mmol), EDC · HCl (1.6 g, 8.5 mmol), DMAP (1.2 g, 9.9 mmol), abs. CH,Cl, (20 ml), and 2-cyano-

ethanol (1.0 ml, 15.0 mmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (200 g),  $2 \times 20$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (750 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (500 ml), 98:2 (500 ml), 97:3 (500 ml), 96:4 (500 ml)) gave 7.4 g (90%) of **18**. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_f$  0.45. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_f$  0.73. UV (MeOH): 282(sh, 4.34), 274(4.35), 277(sh, 4.19). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 7.68, 7.67 (2s, H–C(2), H–C(8)); 7.37–7.00 (m, 45 H of Tr); 6.89 (s, NH); 6.01 (d, J = 7.2, H–C(1')); 5.11 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.25 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 4.07 (m, H–C(4')); 3.27–2.79 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), H–C(3')); 2.60 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.32 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.68–1.32 (m, H<sub>2</sub>O, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for  $C_{76}H_{68}N_6O_6 \cdot 0.5 H_2O$  (1170.4): C 77.99, H 5.94, N 7.18; found: C 77.65, H 6.04, N 7.18.

3'-O-{5-[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbony]penty}]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O,5'-O-tris(triphenylmethyl)adenosine (19). As described for 15, with 14 (190 mg, 170 µmol), EDC · HCl (39 mg, 200 µmol), DMAP (30 mg, 250 µmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 ml), and (9H-fluoren-9-yl)methanol (90 mg, 460 µmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (10 g, 1.5 × 13 cm; p.e. (50 ml), p.e./AcOEt 9:1 (50 ml), 7:1 (40 ml), 5:1 (120 ml), 3:1 (80 ml), and 2:1 (60 ml)) led to 150 mg (67%) of 19. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 4:1):  $R_{f}$  0.58. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 300(3.83), 285 (sh, 4.28), 272 (sh, 4.57), 266 (4.61). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.35 (s, NH); 7.85-8.62 (2d, 4H of fm); 7.46, 7.45 (2s, H--C(2)); 7.42 - 6.98 (m, 4 H of fm, 45 H of Tr); 6.03 (d, J = 7.2, H--C(1')); 5.16 (dd, H--C(2')); 4.42 (d, CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm); 4.24 (t, H-C(9) of fm); 3.92 (m, H-C(4')); 3.30-2.65 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H--C(5')); 2.45 (d, H-C(3')); 2.21 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.45-1.14 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>87</sub>H<sub>75</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (1286.6): C 81.22, H 5.88, N 5.44; found: C 80.90, H 5.87, N 5.47.

3'-O-{(11-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}adenosine (20). A soln. of 15 (6.1 g, 4.9 mmol) in 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (30 ml) was kept at 100° for 90 min, then evaporated, co-evaporated with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 5 ml) and MeOH (3 × 5 ml), and purified by FC (silica gel (100 g), 5 × 13 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5 (200 ml), 9:1 (600 ml)): 2.2 g (86%) of 20. The resulting foam crystallized from EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O 1:1. Colourless crystals. M.p. 137°. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_f$  0.38. UV (MeOH): 259 (4.17). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.32, 8.11 (2s, H--C(2), H-C(8)); 7.30 (s, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.85 (d, J = 6.2, H-C(1')); 5.42-5.39 (m, OH--C(2'), O-H(5')); (dd, H-C(2')); 4.05-3.80 (m, H-C(3'), H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.71-3.43 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.67 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.40 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.09 (s, Me); 1.52-1.25 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>41</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (535.6): C 58.30, H 7.72, N 13.07; found: C 58.16, H 7.69, N 12.73.

3'-O-{12-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]dodecyl}adenosine (21). As described for 20, with 16 (0.55 g, 0.43 mmol) and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (5 ml). FC (silica gel (15 g), 2.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5 (100 ml), 9:1 (100 ml)) gave a foam which was crystallized from EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O 1:1 (2 ml): 0.16 g (67%) of 21. Colourless crystals. M.p. 138°. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.46. UV (MeOH): 259(4.17). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.34, 8.11 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.34 (s, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.85 (d, J = 6.3, H-C(1')); 5.41-5.38 (m, OH-C(2'), OH-C(5')); 4.72 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.05-3.93 (m, H-C(3'), H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.65-3.45 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.65 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.43 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.08 (s, Me); 1.52-1.24 (m, 10 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (549.8): C 58.99, H 7.88, N 12.74; found: C 59.00, H 7.70, N 12.83.

3'-O-{2-{2- $[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethoy}ethyl}adenosine (22). As described for 20, with 17 (11.0 g, 9.2 mmol) and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (50 ml). FC (silica gel (200 g), 5.5 × 19 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (500 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5 (500 ml), 9:1 (1500 ml), 4:1 (300 ml)) yielded 3.7 g (88%) of 22. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1): <math>R_{\rm f}$  0.50. UV (MeOH): 258 (4.17). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.33, 8.12 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.35 (s, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.86 (d, J = 6.3, H-C(1')); 5.42 (m, OH-C(5')); 5.39 (d, OH-C(2')); 4.73 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.12-3.98 (m, H-C(3'), H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.84-3.55 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.68 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.45 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.08 (s, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>8</sub> (453.6): C 50.33, H 6.00, N 15.44; found: C 50.09, H 6.03, N 15.06.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]adenosine (23). As described for 20, with 18 (170 mg, 0.15 mmol) and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (5 ml). Purification by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1 \times 16$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 98:2 (50 ml), 96:4 (100 ml), 92:8 (50 ml)) gave 41 mg (64%) of 23. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_f$  0.41. UV (MeOH): 258(4.19). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.34, 8.12 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.35 (br. s, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.86 (d, J = 6.3, H-C(1')); 5.50-5.39 (m, OH-C(5'), OH-C(2')); 4.75 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.22 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 4.02 (m, H-C(4')); 3.91 (m, H-C(3')); 3.71-3.42 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.87 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.35 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.60-1.33 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (434.6): C 52.53, H 6.03, N 19.34; found: C 52.31, H 6.15, N 18.88.

3'-O-{5-[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]pentyl}adenosine (24). As described for 20, with 19 (2.9 g, 2.3 mmol) and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (20 ml). FC (silica gel (60 g),  $4 \times 16$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5 (200 ml), 9:1 (400 ml)) gave 0.99 g (78%) of 24 as a foam which crystallized from H<sub>2</sub>O/EtOH 2:1. Colourless crystals. M.p. 147°. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_t$  0.50. UV (MeOH): 299(3.77), 288(3.72), 263(4.52), 257 (sh, 4.50). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 8.35, 8.12 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 7.88-7.62, 7.42-7.29 (m, 8 H of fm, NH<sub>2</sub>); 5.86 (d, J = 6.2, H-C(1')); 5.50-5.41 (m, OH-C(5'), OH-C(2')); 4.75 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.45 (d, CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm); 4.28 (t, H-C(9) of fm); 4.02 (m, H-C(4')); 3.91 (m, H-C(3')); 3.70-3.40 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 2.30 (t,

CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.55–1.20 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (559.6): C 64.39, H 5.94, N 12.51; found: C 63.90, H 5.94, N 12.73.

3'-O-{11-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**25**). A mixture of **20** (1.6 g, 3.0 mmol), hexamethyldisilazane (7.5 ml), abs. dioxane (7.5 ml), and a catal. amount of  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$  was refluxed for 3 h and then evaporated. The residue was dissolved in toluene (10 ml) and the soln. filtered and evaporated. Then 1-methyl-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (1.9 g, 6.0 mmol) and abs.  $CH_2Cl_2$  (30 ml) were added. The mixture was kept overnight, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated. To the residue, 80% ACOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (20 ml) was added. The soln. was stirred for 1 h, then evaporated, and co-evaoprated with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 5 ml) and MeOH (3 × 5 ml) and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (50 g), 4 × 20 cm;  $CH_2Cl_2$  (200 ml),  $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$  99:1 (200 ml), 98:2 (200 ml)): 1.7 g (79%) of **25**. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_f$  0.62. UV (MeOH): 267 (4.43). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.60 (*s*, NH); 8.67, 8.61 (2*s*, H-C(2)); 5.16 (*t*, OH-C(5')); 4.75 (*dt*, H-C(2')); 4.39 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.67 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.08 (*s*, Me); 1.52-1.24 (*m*, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for  $C_{35}H_{48}N_6O_{11}$  (728.8): C 57.68, H 6.64, N 11.53; found: C 57.35, H 6.70, N 11.39.

3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-Dioxopenty])oxy]ethoxy}ethoy}ethoy}ethoy}ethoy]ethoxycarbonyl]ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (26). As described for 25, with 22 (0.51 g, 1.1 mmol), hexamethyldisilazane (3 ml), abs. dioxane (3 ml), a catal. amount of  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ , toluene (10 ml), 1-methyl-3-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (0.72 g, 2.3 mmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 ml), and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (5 ml). FC (silica gel (10 g), 2.5 × 7 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml)) gave 0.44 g (60%) of 26. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 95:5): *R*<sub>t</sub> 0.28. UV (MeOH): 267 (4.45). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): (*s*, NH); 8.67, 8.62 (2*s*, H-C(2)); 5.18 (*t*, OH-C(5')); 4.75 (*dd*, H-C(2')); 4.39 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.05-4.13 (*m*, H-C(3'), H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.80-3.58 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.11 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.67 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.46 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.07 (*s*, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>12</sub> (646.6): C 52.01, H 5.53, N 13.00; found: C 51.80, H 5.43, N 12.62.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (27). As described for 25 with 23 (0.40 g, 0.94 mmol), hexamethyldisilazane (2 ml), abs. dioxane (2 ml), a catal. amount of  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ , 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (0.58 g, 1.9 mmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 ml), and 80 % AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (5 ml). FC (silica gel (10 g), 2.5 × 8 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml), 97:3 (50 ml)) led to 0.4 g (70%) of 27. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_t$  0.31. UV (MeOH): 267(4.43). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.61 (s, NH); 8.67, 8.61 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.50 (d, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 5.97 (d, J = 5.7, H-C(1')); 5.50 (d, OH-C(2')); 5.17 (t, OH-C(5')); 3.68 - 3.45 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.10 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.86 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.35 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.60-1.35 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for  $C_{28}H_{33}N_7O_{10}$  (627.6): C 53.59, H 5.30, N 15.62; found: C 52.94, H 5.31, N 14.82.

3'-O-{5-[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]pentyl}-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (28). As described for 27, with 24 (0.64 g, 1.2 mmol), hexamethyldisilazane (6 ml), abs. dioxane (6 ml), a catal. amount of (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, toluene (10 ml), 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (0.72 g, 2.3 mmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), and 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (10 ml). FC (silica gel (20 g),  $3 \times 9$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (200 ml), 98:2 (200 ml)) gave 0.57 g (66%) of 28. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 95:5): *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.35. UV (MeOH): 298 (3.84), 286 (sh, 3.98), 265 (4.52). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.62 (s, NH); 8.68, 8.62 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.17 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.88 (d, 2 H of fm); 7.65-7.55 (m, 2 H of fm, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.42-7.28 (m, 4 H of fm); 5.96 (d, *J* = 5.7, H-C(1')); 5.49 (d, OH-C(2')); 5.17 (t, OH-C(5')); 4.73 (dd, H-C(2')); 3.70-3.40 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.02 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.21 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.15 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>10</sub> (752.8): C 62.23, H 5.36, N 11.16; found: 62.00, H 5.44, N 10.82.

3'-O-{11-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>5</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxy-carbonyl]adenosine (29). After co-evaporation with dry pyridine ( $3 \times 5$  ml), 25 (1.8 g, 2.5 mmoi) and MeOTrCl (1.9 g, 6.2 mmol) were stirred in dry pyridine (20 ml) at r.t. for 1 d. Then the mixture was diluted with AcOEt (100 ml) and washed with sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln. ( $3 \times 100$  ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with AcOEt ( $3 \times 50$  ml), the combined org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), evaporated, and co-evaporated with toluene ( $3 \times 10$  ml), and the crude product purified by FC (silica gel (50 g),  $4 \times 12$  cm; toluene/AcOEt 1:1 (400 ml), toluene/AcOEt/MeOH 50:50:1 (400 ml), 25:25:1 (200 ml)): 1.8 g (74%) of 29. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt/MeOH 5:4:1):  $R_r$  0.58. UV (MeOH): 267(4.51), 233(4.37). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.61 (s, NH); 8.57, 8.55 (2s, H–C(2), H–C(8)); 8.16 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60 (d, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.34–7.17 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.82 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 5.99 (d, J = 4.2, H–C(1')); 5.55 (d, OH–C(2')); 4.90 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.38 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.20 (m, H–C(3')); 4.12 (m, H–C(4')); 3.95 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.33 (s, MeO); 3.65–3.15 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5')); 3.09 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.66 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.41 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.07 (s, Me); 1.52–1.21 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>55</sub>H<sub>64</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>12</sub> (1001.2): C 65.98, H 6.44, N 8.39; found: C 65.49, H 6.43, N 8.26.

3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>5</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**30**). As described for **29**, with **26** (1.65 g, 2.6 mmol). MeOTrCl (0.96 g, 3.1 mmol), and dry pyridine (10 ml). FC (silica gel (35 g),  $3 \times 14$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (300 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (300 ml), 98:2 (300 ml), 97:3 (150 ml)) gave 1.7 g (73%) of **30**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_f$  0.26. UV (MeOH): 267(4.49), 233(4.35). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.61 (s, NH); 8.56, 8.54 (2s, H–C(2), H–C(8)); 8.15 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60 (d, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.35-7.17 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.82 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.00 (d, J = 4.6, H–C(1')); 5.55 (d, OH–C(2')); 4.94 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.48 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.25 (m, H–C(3')); 4.15 (m, H–C(4')); 4.05 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.70 (s, MeO); 3.80-3.45 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3')); 3.27-3.22 (m, 2 H–C(5')); 3.08 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.66 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.40 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.06 (s, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>50</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>13</sub> (919.0): C 62.74, H 5.48, N 9.15; found: C 62.64, H 5.72, N 9.12.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**31**). As described for **29**, with **27** (165 mg, 0.26 mmol), MeOTrCl (160 mg, 0.52 mmol), and dry pyridine (5 ml). FC (silica gel (10 g),  $2.5 \times 8 \text{ cm}$ ; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml)) gave 160 mg (67%) of **31**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.50. UV (MeOH): 2.67(4.47), 233(4.32). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.62 (s, NH); 8.57, 8.51 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.84 (d, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.35-7.17 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.83 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 5.99 (d, J = 4.4, H-C(1')); 5.55 (d, OH-C(2')); 4.90 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.37 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.18 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 4.15-4.10 (m, H-C(4'), H-C(3')); 3.71 (s, MeO); 3.75-3.20 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.10 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO of npeoc); 2.88 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.31 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.55-1.12 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>49</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>11</sub> · H<sub>2</sub>O (918.0): C 62.80, H 5.60, N 10.68; found: C 63.02, H 5.56, N 10.45.

3'-O-{5-[ (9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy) carbonyl]pentyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl) diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-ni-trophenyl) ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**32**). As described for **29**, with **28** (130 mg, 0.18 mmol), MeOTrCl (65 mg, 0.21 mmol), and dry pyridine (2 ml). The soln. was stirred overnight, then more MeOTrCl (27 mg, 0.09 mmol) was added. After 5 h, the mixture was worked up and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 7$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)): 160 mg (89%) of **32**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{f}$  0.52. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 299(4.02), 288 (sh, 4.15), 271 (sh, 4.61), 266(4.68), 232(4.27). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.63 (s, NH); 8.59, 8.56 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.85 (d, 2 H o fm); 7.65-7.57 (m, 2 H of fm, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.42-7.17 (m, 4 H of fm, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.80 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.00 (t, 4.3, H-C(1')); 5.58 (d, OH-C(2')); 4.92 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.45-4.35 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.29-4.12 (m, H-C(9) of fm, H-C(4'), H-C(3')); 3.68 (s, MeO); 3.62-3.18 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.09 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.23 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.10 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>59</sub>H<sub>56</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>11</sub> (1025.1): C 69.13, H 5.51, N 8.20; found: 69.08, H 5.73, N 8.06.

3'-O-{11-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**33**). A soln. of **29** (79 mg, 79 µmol), DMAP (7 mg, 57 µmol), and 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (50 mg, 0.16 mmol) in abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 ml) was kept at r.t. overnight, then diluted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (25 ml), and washed with sat. NaCl soln. (3 × 25 ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 25 ml) and the org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated. Purification by FC (silica gel (4 g), 1.5 × 12 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (25 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)) gave 84 mg (89%) of **33**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{f}$  0.63. UV (MeOH): 267(4.56), 234(4.35). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.66 (*s*, NH); 8.60, 8.59 (2*s*, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (*d*, 2 H o to MeO); 6.27 (*d*, *J* = 2.9, H-C(1')); 5.92 (*dd*, H-C(2')); 4.70 (*m*, H-C(3')); 4.35 (*t*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.05 (*m*, H--C(4')); 3.93 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.70 (*s*, MeO); 3.40 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3')); 3.07 (*m*, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.66 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.40 (*t*, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.08 (*s*, Me); 1.53-1.13 (*m*, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>64</sub>H<sub>71</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>16</sub> (1194.3): C 64.36, H 5.99, N 8.21; found: C 63.78, H 6.00, N 8.12.

3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis/2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**34**). As described for **33**, with **30** (250 mg, 270  $\mu$ mol), DMAP (16 mg, 130  $\mu$ mol), 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1H-imidazolium chloride [12] (170 mg, 0.28 mmol), and abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml). After FC (silica gel (10 g), 2.5 × 7 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml)), 275 mg (91%) of **34** were obtained. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm r}$  0.47. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266 (4.57), 236 (4.36). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.66 (*s*, NH); 8.58, 8.57 (2*s*, H–C(2), H–C(8)); 8.14

(d, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.65–7.53 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.30–7.15 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.80 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.28 (d, J = 3.2, H–C(1')); 5.92 (dd, H–C(2')); 4.72 (t, H–C(3')); 4.40 (t, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.11 (m, H–C(4')); 3.98 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.70 (s, MeO); 3.60–3.40 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3')); 3.31–3.05 (m, 2 H–C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.75 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.38 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.06 (s, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>57</sub>H<sub>57</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub> (1112.1): C 61.56, H 5.17, N 8.82; found: C 61.58, H 5.18, N 8.72.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**35**). As described for **33**, with **31** (110 mg, 120 µmol), DMAP (11 mg, 90 µmol), 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (120 mg, 0.37 mmol), and abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 ml). Purification by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 10$  cm; toluene/AcOEt 1:1 (100 ml), toluene/AcOEt/MeOH 25:25:1 (50 ml) gave 110 mg (88 %) of **35**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): *R*<sub>1</sub> 0.68. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(4.60), 237(4.38). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.66 (s, NH); 8.59, 8.58 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.14 (d, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.62-7.53 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.29-7.11 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.82 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.27 (d, *J* = 2.9, H-C(1')); 5.93 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.71 (t, H-C(3')); 4.38 (t, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of ppeoc); 4.17 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 4.05 (m, H-C(4')); 3.70 (s, MeO); 3.75-3.30 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.14-3.08 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of ppeoc); 2.86 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.24 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.15 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>57</sub>H<sub>56</sub>N<sub>8</sub>O<sub>15</sub> (1093.1): C 62.63, H 5.16, N 10.25; found: C 62.04, H 5.31, N 9.77.

3'-O-{5-[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]pentyl}-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**36**). As described for **33**, with **32** (76 mg, 74 µmol), DMAP (6 mg, 49 µmol), 1-methyl-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-1*H*-imidazolium chloride [16] (100 mg, 0.32 mmol), and abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>(1 ml). After FC (silica gel (3 g,  $1.5 \times 6$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml)): 82 mg (91% of **36** were obtained. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.66. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 299 (sh, 4.17), 287 (sh, 4.37), 266 (4.77), 232 (sh, 4.45). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.62 (s, NH); 8.59, 8.58 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15-8.09 (m, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.86-7.83 (m, 2 H of fm); 7.62-7.40 (m, 2 H of fm, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.37-7.11 (m, 4 H of fm, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.78 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.26 (d, J = 2.5, H-C(1')); 5.94 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.69 (t, H-C(3')); 4.39-4.35 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.21 (t, H-C(9) of fm); 4.03 (m, H-C(4')); 3.67 (s, MeO); 3.55-3.25 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.12-3.03 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.17 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.45-1.02 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>68</sub>H<sub>63</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub> (1218.3): C 67.04, H 5.21, N 8.05; found: C 66.61, H 5.27, N 8.13.

3'-O-{11-{(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]undecyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (37). A soln. of 33 (350 mg, 0.29 mmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (5 ml) containing 2% of TsOH was stirred at r.t. for 15 min. The mixture was diluted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (20 ml) and washed with sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln. (3 × 20 ml), the aq. phase re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 20 ml), the org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (10 g), 2.5 × 8 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml)): 230 mg (85%) of 37. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_f$  0.36. UV (MeOH): 266(4.53). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.64 (s, NH); 8.66, 8.61 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (m, 4 H ot NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.62-7.50 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.23 (d, J = 4.6, H-C(1')); 5.67 (dd, H-C(2')); 5.25 (t, OH-C(5')); 4.41-4.31 (m, H-C(3'), 2CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.04 (m, H-C(4')); 3.94 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CDev); 3.75-3.30 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.12-3.03 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.70 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.44 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.08 (s, Me); 1.52-1.19 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>44</sub>H<sub>55</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub> (922.0): C 57.32, H 6.01, N 10.63; found: C 57.03, H 5.96, N 10.50.

3'-O-{2-{-[(1,4-Dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethox}ethyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**38**). As described for **37**, with **34** (120 mg, 0.11 mmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. FC (silica gel (3 g)  $1.5 \times 6$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (25 ml), 98:2 (25 ml)) gave 77 mg (83%) of **38**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.38. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 273(sh, 4.46), 267(4.50). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.66 (s, NH); 8.66, 8.61 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (m, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.62-7.50 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.23 (d, 4.7, H--C(1')); 5.68 (dd, H--C(2')); 5.29 (t, OH--C(5')); 4.42-4.32 (m, H-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.09-4.03 (m, H-C(4'), CH<sub>2</sub>Clev); 3.75-3.42 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H--C(5')); 3.13-3.01 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.65 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.43 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.08 (s, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>41</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>16</sub> (839.8): C 52.92, H 4.92, N 11.68; found: C 52.93, H 4.98, N 11.34.

3'-O-[5-(2-Cyanoethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**39**). As described for **37**, with **35** (110 mg, 0.10 mmol) and MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (2 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 7$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2(50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml)) gave 64 mg (76%) of **39**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_t$  0.60. UV (MeOH): 267(4.55). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.64 (s, NH); 8.66, 8.62 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (m, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.62–7.58 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.22 (d, J = 4.6, H-C(1')); 5.73 (dd, H-C(2')); 5.25 (t, OH-C(5')); 4.40–4.31 (m, H-C(3'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.17 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 4.05 (m, H-C(4')); 3.75–3.38 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.12–3.03 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.86 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.30 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.56–1.21 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>8</sub>O<sub>14</sub> · H<sub>2</sub>O (888.8): C 52.98, H 5.05, N 13.36; found: C 53.10, H 4.97, N 12.80.

3'-O-{5-[(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxy) carbonyl]pentyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl) ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**40**). As described for **37**, with **36** (95 mg, 78 µmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. FC (silica gel (3 g),  $1.5 \times 6$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (25 ml), 98:2 (25 ml), 97:3 (25 ml)) gave 69 mg (92%) of **40**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_1$  0.52. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 298 (sh, 4.16), 288 (sh, 4.34), 266 (4.76). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.64 (s, NH); 8.66, 8.61 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.17-8.10 (m, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.87 (d, 2 H of fm); 7.64-7.30 (m, 6 H of fm, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.23 (d, J = 4.6, H-C(1')); 5.68 (dd, H-C(2')); 5.28 (t, OH-C(5')); 4.42-4.31 (m, H-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.23 (t, H-C(9) of fm); 4.02 (m, H-C(4')); 3.78-3.30 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.12-3.01 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.25 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.45-1.10 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>47</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>14</sub> · H<sub>2</sub>O (964.0): C 59.80, H 5.12, N 10.17; found: C 60.01, H 5.04, N 10.08.

3'-O-(11-Hydroxyundecyl)-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>, 2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**41**). At r.t., **33** (0.11 g, 94 µmol) was treated with 0.5M hydrazine hydrate soln. in pyridine/ AcOH 4:1 (2 ml) for 4 min. Then acetone (2 ml) was added, the soln. evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene (3 × 5 ml), the residue dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub> (50 ml), and the soln. washed with sat. NaCl soln. (3 × 50 ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 50 ml), the org. layer drived (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)): 98 mg (94%) of **41**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_t$  0.50. UV (MeOH): 266(4.57), 234(4.36). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.67 (*s*, NH); 8.60, 8.59 (2*s*, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (*d*, 4 H *o* to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.30-7.12 (*m*, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.80 (*d*, 2 H *o* to MeO); 6.27 (*d*, J = 2.8, H-C(1')); 5.95 (*dd*, H-C(2')); 4.72 (*m*, H-C(3')); 4.40-4.34 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, OH); 4.05 (*m*, H-C(4')); 3.70 (*s*, MeO); 3.40 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>OH); 3.10 (*m*, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 1.36-1.13 (*m*, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>59</sub>H<sub>65</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>14</sub> · H<sub>2</sub>O (1114.2): C 63.60, H 6.06, N 8.80; found: C 63.58, H 5.94, N 8.75.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]- $N^{6}$ -[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>- $[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]\} \rightarrow 5'\}-3'-deoxy-N^{6}-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2'-\{O^{P}-[2-(4-nitrophenyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2'-\{O^{P}-[2-(4-nitrophenyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-\{2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl)ethoxycarbonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabonylabony$  $phenyl)ethyl] \rightarrow 5' -3' -O - \{11 - [(1,4-dioxopentyl)oxy] undecyl - N^{6}, 2' - O - bis [2 - (4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] - O - bis [2 - (4-nitrophenyl] - O - bis [4 - (4-nitrophenyl] - O - bis [4$ adenosine (42). A soln. of 37 (74 mg, 80 µmol), 3'-deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{ $O^{P}$ -[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-deoxy- $N^{6}$ -[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine 2'-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite] (1) [15] (240 mg, 0.14 mmol), and 1H-tetrazole (28 mg, 0.40 mmol) in abs. MeCN (7 ml) was stirred under N<sub>2</sub> at r.t. for 4 h. Then it was oxidized with  $I_2$  (500 mg) in pyridine (3 ml),  $CH_2Cl_2$  (1 ml), and  $H_2O$  (1 ml) until no colour change was detected. The mixture was stirred for 15 min, diluted with CHCl<sub>1</sub> (50 ml), and washed with sat. Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/NaCl soln. ( $3 \times 50$  ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with  $CHCl_3$  (3 × 50 ml), the combined org. layer dried ( $Na_2SO_4$ ), evaporated, and co-evaporated with toluene (3  $\times$  10 ml), and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (10 g), 2.5  $\times$  8 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml), 97:3 (100 ml), 96:4 (100 ml)): 190 mg (93%) of 42. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): R<sub>f</sub> 0.44. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(5.00). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 8.90-7.98 (m, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8), 3 NH, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.41–7.11 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.77 (d, 2 H o MeO); 6.14-5.95 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.75-5.25 (m, 3 H-C(2')); 4.55-4.10 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5')); 4.04 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>Olev); 3.73 (s, MeO); 3.50-3.25 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.19-3.00 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.72 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.56 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.50-2.10 (m, 4 H-C(3')); 2.18 (s, Me); 1.55-1.20 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>118</sub>H<sub>123</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>38</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2505.3): C 56.57, H 4.95, N 11.74; found: C 56.10, H 5.01, N 11.21.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethoxy}ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-{2-[(1,4-dioxopentyl)oxy]ethoxy}ethoxy}ethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (43). As described for 42, with 38 (51 mg, 61 µmol), 1 [15] (180 mg, 0.11 mmol), 1H-tetrazole (23 mg, 0.31 mmol), and abs. MeCN (5 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml)) yielded 140 mg (94%) of 43. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{t}$  0.31. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(5.01). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.58-10.49 (m, 3 NH); 8.60-8.40 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.13-7.95 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60-7.32 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.28-7.09 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.76 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.24-6.10 (m, 3 H-C(1)); 5.71, 5.39, 5.38 (m, 3 H-C(2)); 4.50-4.02 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>OLev); 3.72 (s, MeO); 3.63-3.40 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3')); 3.15-2.88 (m, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.63 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 2.39 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CO); 2.20-2.10 (m, 4 H-C(3')); 2.08 (s, Me). Anal. calc. for C<sub>111</sub>H<sub>109</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>39</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2423.2): C 55.02, H 4.53, N 12.14; found: C 54.74, H 4.59, N 11.92.

 *phenyl*)*ethyl*]} → 5'}-3'-O-(11-hydroxyundecyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-*bis*[2-(4-nitrophenyl)*ethoxycarbonyl*]*adenosine* (44). As described for 41, with 42 (90 mg, 36 µmol) and 0.5M hydrazine hydrate soln. in pyridine/AcOH 4:1 (1 ml). The reaction was stopped after 6 min with acetone (1 ml) and the mixture evaporated. The crude product was purified by prep. TLC (silica gel, 40 × 20 cm, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): 81 mg (94%) of 44. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): 81 mg (94%) of 44. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): *R*<sub>t</sub> 0.32. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(500). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.65–10.60 (*m*, 3 NH); 8.58–8.45 (*m*, 3 H−C(2), 3 H−C(8)); 8.15–7.98 (*m*, 12 H *o* to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60–7.33 (*m*, 12 H *m* to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.24–7.08 (*m*, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.77 (*d*, 2 H *o* to MeO); 6.28–6.08 (*m*, 3 H−C(1')); 5.74, 5.59, 5.37 (*m*, 3 H−C(2')); 4.50–4.15 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H−C(3'), 3 H−C(4'), 4CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H−C(5'), OH); 3.78 (*s*, MeO); 3.40–3.30 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O−C(3')); 3.15–2.90 (*m*, 2 H−C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.60–2.15 (*m*, 4 H−C(3')); 1.39–1.11 (*m*, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>113</sub>H<sub>1117</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>36</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2407.2): C 56.38, H 4.90, N 12.22; found: C 55.62, H 5.19, N 11.83.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adensine (45). As described for 41, with 43 (100 mg, 42 µmol) and 0.5M hydrazine hydrate soln. in pyridine/acetic acid 4:1 (2 ml). The crude product was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml) and washed with phosphate buffer pH 7 (3 × 50 ml). Then the aq. phases were re-extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 × 50 ml). The combined org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 8 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml)): 75 mg (77%) of 45. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.24. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(5.01). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.64–10.56 (m, 3 NH); 8.60–8.42 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.15–7.98 (m, 12 H  $\sigma$  to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60–7.09 (m, 12 H  $\sigma$  to NO<sub>2</sub>); 4.56–4.15 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 4 H-C(5'), OH); (s, MeO); 3.58–3.35 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3')); 3.15–2.90 (m, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.62–2.15 (m, 4 H-C(3')). Anal. calc. for C<sub>106</sub>H<sub>103</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>37</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2325.1): C 54.76, H 4.47, N 12.65; found: C 54.25, H 4.66, N 12.34.

3'-O-(5-Carboxypentyl)-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine Triethylammonium Salt (**46**  $\cdot$  Et<sub>3</sub>N). At r.t., **36** (40 mg, 33 µmol) was treated with 3% piperidine/DMF (1 ml) for 10 min, then dissolved in AcOEt (20 ml), and washed with phosphate buffer pH 7 (3 × 20 ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with AcOEt (3 × 20 ml), the org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (3 g), 1.5 × 6 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/Et<sub>3</sub>N 99:1 (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH/Et<sub>3</sub>N 98:1:1 (50 ml), 97:2:1 (50 ml), 96:3:1 (50 ml)): 28 mg (75%) of **46**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_r$  0.71. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(4.57), 233(4.37). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.60 (br. s, NH); 8.62, 8.61 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (d, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.61-7.52 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.30-7.12 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.89 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.28 (d, J = 2.4, H-C(1')); 5.94 (dd, H-C(2')); C(2')); 4.70 (m, H-C(3')); 4.41-4.35 (m, 2CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.652 (q, 3 MeCH<sub>2</sub>); 2.12 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.12 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>); 1.15-3.03 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.62 (q, 3 MeCH<sub>2</sub>); 2.12 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.12 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>); 1.02 (t, 3 MeCH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>54</sub>H<sub>53</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub> · Et<sub>3</sub>N (1141.2): C 63.15, H 6.01, N 9.82; found: C 63.05, H 6.52, N 9.30.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-[5-(2-cyanoethoxycarbonyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-[5-(2-cyanoethoxycarbonyl)entyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenosine (47). As described for 42, with 39 (53 mg, 63 µmol), 1 [15] (190 mg, 0.11 mmol), 1H-tetrazole (24 mg, 0.34 mmol), and abs. MeCN (5 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (10 g), 2 × 13 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml), 97:3 (100 ml), 96:4 (100 ml)) gave 144 mg (95%) of 47. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.66. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(5.02). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.62–10.58 (m, 3 NH); 8.59–8.44 (m, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8)); 8.17–7.88 (m, 12 H ot o NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60–7.35 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.25–7.10 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.76 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.25–6.10 (m, 3 H–C(1')); 5.75, 5.59, 5.38 (m, 3 H–C(2')); 4.40–4.10 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H–C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, (240, 2): C 55.45, H 4.53, N 12.82; found: C 55.35, H 4.79, N 11.99.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenosine (48). As described for 42, with 40 (46 mg, 48 µmol), 1 [15] (133 mg, 80 µmol), 1H-tetrazole (13 mg, 0.19 mmol), and abs. MeCN (3 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g)  $1.5 \times 10$  cm; (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:5 (50 ml)) yielded 110 mg (89%) of 48. Colourless

foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_f$  0.30. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 297(sh, 4.57), 267(5.11). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.72–10.58 (m, 3 NH); 8.60–8.42 (m, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8)); 8.15–7.98 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.75 (d, 2 H o fm); 7.60–7.10 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 8 H of fm, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.78 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.26–6.10 (m, 3 H–C(1')); 5.74, 5.48, 5.38 (m, 3 H–C(2')); 4.44–4.10 (m, 2CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H–C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>O of fm, H–C(9) of fm); 3.78 (s, MeO); 3.40–2.88 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.60–2.10 (m, 4 H–C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>OOO); 1.40–1.02 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>122</sub>H<sub>115</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>37</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2529.3): C 57.93, H 4.58, N 11.63; found: C 57.43, H 4.84, N 11.38.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[{4-methoxyphenyl}diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenosine (49). As described for 46, with 48 (255 mg, 100 µmol) and 3% piperidine/DMF (2.5 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 7 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml), 95:5 (50 ml), 94:6 (50 ml)) gave 210 mg (87%) of 49. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_{f}$  0.58. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267 (5.01), 271 (sh, 493). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 12.00 (br. s, COOH); 10.60 (m, 3 NH); 8.61-8.44 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.13-7.98 (m, 12 H ot NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.61-7.08 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.77 (d, 2 H ot MeO); 6.26-6.09 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.73, 5.48, 5.36 (3m, 3 H-C(2')); 4.44-4.13 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5')); 3.69 (s, MeO); 3.50-3.40 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3')); 3.17-2.90 (m, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.62-2.10 (m, 4 H-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.46-1.15 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>108</sub>H<sub>105</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>37</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2351.1): C 55.17, H 4.50, N 12.51; found: C 55.28, H 4.79, N 12.01.

3'-Deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-O-(11-hydroxy-undecyl)-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**50**). A soln. of **44** (53 mg, 22 µmol) in 80% AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (1 ml) was stirred at r.t. for 1 d, then evaporated, and co-evaporated with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 5 ml) and MeOH (3 × 5 ml). The residue was purified by FC (silica gel (3 g)  $1.5 \times 5$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (25 ml), 98:2 (25 ml), 97:3 (25 ml) 96:4 (25 ml), 95:5 (25 ml), 94:6 (25 ml)): 35 mg (75%) of **50**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_f$  0.52. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(5.02). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.69 (m, 3 NH); 8.63-8.45 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.14-7.99 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.59-7.35 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.25-6.15 (m, 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5'), OH); 3.72-3.31 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.13-2.90 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.50-1.90 (m, 4 H-C(3')); 1.48-1.13 (m, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>93</sub>H<sub>101</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>35</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2134.9): C 52.32, H 4.77, N 13.78; found: C 51.94, H 4.98, N 13.09.

3'-Deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-O-[2-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)ethyl]+N<sup>6</sup>, 2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**51**). As described for **37**, with **45**(240 mg, 100 µmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. Workup and FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 (50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml), 95:5 (50 ml), 94:6 (50 ml)) gave 160 mg (76%) of **51**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.35. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267 (5.02). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.68-10.65 (*m*, 3 NH); 8.73-8.47 (*m*, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.16-8.01 (*m*, 12 H *o* to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.25-6.15 (*m*, 3 H-C(1')); 5.72, 5.40, 5.26 (3*m*, 3 H-C(2')); 5.11 (*t*, OH-C(5')); 4.60-410 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5'), OH); 3.70-3.32 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.12-2.89 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, C49.86, H 4.38, N 13.64.

3'-Deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-O-[5-(2-cyanoxy-ethoxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>, 2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**52**). As described for **37**, with **47** (120 mg, 52 µmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. Workup after 2 h reaction time and FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml), 97:3 **\$**50 ml), 96:4 (50 ml), 95:5 (50 ml)) gave 88 mg (80%) of **52**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 9:1): *R*<sub>r</sub> 0.48. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267 (5.02). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.57-10.53 (m, 3 NH); 8.60-8.45 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.16-7.99 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.61-7.46 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.25-6.14 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.74, 5.40, 5.26 (m, 3 H-C(2')); 5.08 (t, OH-C(5')); 4.45-4.15 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 4 H-C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>OCO); 3.70-3.39 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.15-2.90 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.87 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CN); 2.45-2.03 (m, 4 H-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.20 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>91</sub>H<sub>92</sub>N<sub>22O<sub>36</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2131.8): C 51.27, H 4.35, N 14.45; found: C 50.89, H 4.47, N 14.16.</sub>

3'-Deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-O-(11-hydroxyundecyl)adenosine Bis(1.8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-eniun) Salt (53). After co-evaporation with dry pyridine (3 × 5 ml), 50 (32 mg, 15 µmol) was dissolved in 0.5M DBU/pyridine (1 ml) and stirred at r.t. for 3 d, then neutralized with 1M AcOH, evaporated, and co-evaporated with toluene (3 × 5 ml). The residue was washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 19 mg (70%) of 53. Colourless powder. HPLC: (A 0.1M (Et<sub>3</sub>NH)OAc buffer (pH 7), B 0.1M (Et<sub>3</sub>NH)OAc buffer/MeCN 1:1, C MeCN; gradient: 0-20 min 90% A in B  $\rightarrow$  100% B, 20-40 min 100% B  $\rightarrow$  100% C):  $t_{R}$  14.40 min. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O): 8.12, 8.03, 7.98, 7.93, 7.83, 7.75 (6s, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(3)); 6.02, 5.79 (2s, 2 H-C(1')); 5.72 (d, J = 5.7, H-C(1')); 5.10 (br. s, H-C(2')); 4.67-4.00 (m, 2 H-C(2'), H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 H-C(5')); 4.07-3.45 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5'), 4 H-C(2), of DBU, 4 H-C(11) of DBU); 3.29 (t, 4 H-C(9) of DBU); 2.60 (m, 4 H-C(6) of DBU); 2.50-2.33 (m, 4 H-C(3')); 2.00 (m, 4 H-C(10) of DBU); 1.75-1.48 (m, 4 H-C(3)) of DBU, 4 H-C(4) of DBU, 4 H-C(5)); 1.25 (br. s, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>).

3'-Deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-O-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]adenosine Bis(1.8diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-eniun) Salt (54). As described for 53, with 51 (135 mg, 66 µmol) and 0.5M DBU/pyridine (4 ml). The crude product was washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 100 mg (92%) of 54. Colourless powder. HPLC: (see 53 for A, and B; gradient: 0-2 min 98% A in B, 2-20 min 98% A in B  $\rightarrow$  100% B, 20-25 min 100% B):  $t_{\rm R}$  10.55 min. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O): 8.11, 8.01, 7.99, 7.88, 7.82, 7.74 (6s, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8)); 6.02, 5.78 (2s, 2 H–C(1')); 5.69 (d, J = 5.8, H–C(1')); 5.05 (m, H–C(2')); 4.65-4.10 (m, 2 H–C(2'), H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 4 H–C(5')); 3.84-3.40 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), 4 H–C(2) of DBU, 4 H–C(11) of DBU); 3.28 (t, 4 H–C(9) of DBU); 2.57-2.62 (m, 4 H–C(6) of DBU); 2.48-2.30 (m, 4 H–C(3')); 1.94-2.04 (m, 4 H–C(10) of DBU); 1.68 (m, 4 H–C(3) of DBU, 4 H–C(4) of DBU, 4 H–C(5)).

3'-Deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-O-(5-carboxypentyl)adenosine Tris(1.8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-enium) Salt (55). As described for 53, with 52 (11 mg, 5.2 µmol) and 0.5M DBU/pyridine (0.36 ml). The crude product was washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 8.3 mg (92%) of 55. Colourless powder. HPLC: (see 53 for A-C; gradient: 0-20 min 90% A in  $B \rightarrow 100\% B$ , 20-40 min 100%  $B \rightarrow 100\% C$ ):  $t_{\rm R}$  7.73 min. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O): 8.10, 8.00, 7.97, 7.88, 7.80, 7.77 (6s, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8)); 6.00, 5.77 (2s, 2 H–C(1')); 5.66 (d, J = 5.7, H–C(1')); 5.05 (br. s, H–C(2')); 4.65–4.00 (m, 2 H–C(2'), H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 4 H–C(5')); 3.80–3.55 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H–C(5')); 3.52–3.40 (m, 6 H–C(2) of DBU, 6 H–C(C11) of DBU); 3.19 (t, 6 H–C(9) of DBU); 2.55 (m, 6 H–C(6) of DBU); 2.44–2.30 (m, 4 H–C(3')); 2.25 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.95 (m, 6 H–C(10) of DBU); 1.63 (m, 6 H–C(3) of DBU, 6 H–C(4) of DBU, 6 H–C(5)); 1.60–1.30 (br. s, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>).

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-phenyl) ethyl]  $\rightarrow 5'$  -3'-O-[11-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy) undecyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (56). A mixture of 44 (64 mg, 27 µmol), DMAP (29 mg, 240 µmol), cholesteryl chloroformate (= cholest-5-en- $3\beta$ -yl carbonochloridate; *Fluka*, 24 mg, 53 µmol), 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole (4 µl, 50 µmol), and abs.  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 ml) was stirred at r.t. for 1 d, then more cholesteryl chloroformate (25 mg, 56  $\mu$ mol) and 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole (4  $\mu$ l, 50  $\mu$ mol) were added. The soln. was kept at r.t. for 8 h, then diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), and washed with sat. NaCl soln. ( $3 \times 50$  ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> ( $3 \times 20$  ml), the combined org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (10 g),  $2 \times 13$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (100 ml), 98:2 (100 ml)); 55 mg (73%) of 56. Colourless foam. TLC  $(CH_2Cl_2/MeOH 95:5)$ :  $R_f 0.42$ . UV  $(CH_2Cl_2)$ : 267(5.01). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR  $((D_6)DMSO)$ : 10.61–10.57 (m, 3 NH); 8.68-8.42 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.10-7.95 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.68-7.34 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.25-7.08 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.85 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.24–6.10 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.73, 5.49, 5.36 (m, 3 H-C(2')); 5.29 (m, 3 H-CH-C(6) of chol); 4.40-4.15 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H-C(5'), H-C(3) of chol); 3.99 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCOOchol); 3.78 (s, MeO); 3.30-3.40 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3')); 3.13-2.80 (m, 2 H-C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.30-0.60 (m, 4 H-C(3'), 43 H of chol, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>141</sub>H<sub>161</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>38</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2819.9): C 60.06, H 5.75, N 10.43; found: C 60.47, H 6.06, N 10.20.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-[2-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-[2-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-[2-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-{2-[2-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (57). As described for 56, with 45 (570 mg, 250 µmol), DMAP (28 mg, 230 µmol), cholesteryl chloroformate (280 mg, 620 µmol), 1-methyl-1H-imidazole (50 µl, 630 µmol), and abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 ml). After 16 h, more cholesteryl chloroformate (100 mg, 220 µmol) and 1-methyl-1H-imidazole (18 µl, 220 mmol) were added. The soln. was kept at r.t. for 8 h, then worked up and purified by FC (silica gel (20 g), 3 × 9 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (200 ml), 98:2 (200 ml), 97:3 (200 ml)); 510 mg (76%) of 57. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.36. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267 (5.01). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.65–10.60 (m, 3 NH); 8.60–8.45 (m, 3 H–C(2), 3 H–C(8)); 8.15–7.98 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60–7.12 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.78 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.26–6.12 (m, 3 H–C(1')): 5.75, 5.50, 5.39 (m, 3 H–C(2')); 5.22 (m, H–C(6) of chol); 4.55–4.12 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H–C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>OCOOchol, H–C(3) of chol); 3.68 (s, MeO); 3.65–3.47 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3')); 3.16–2.91 (m, 2 H–C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.65–0.55 (m, 4 H–C(3), 43 H of chol). Anal. calc. for C<sub>134</sub>H<sub>147</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>39</sub>P<sub>2</sub> (2737.7): C 58.79, H 5.41, N 10.74; found: C 58.27, H 5.62, N 10.10.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]} → 5'}-3'-O-[5-(cholest-5-en-3β-yloxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>,2'-O-bis[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**58**). As described for **15**, with **49** (10.5 mg, 4.5 µmol), EDC · HCl (6.1 mg, 32 µmol), DMAP (9.8 mg, 80 µmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.5 ml), and cholesterol (12 mg, 31 µmol). After 3 h reaction time, the soln. was worked up with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4 × 20 ml) and phosphate buffer pH 7 (3 × 20 ml). Purification by prep. TLC (silica gel, 20 × 20 cm, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5) gave 4.7 mg (40%) of **58**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): R<sub>r</sub> 0.55. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 267(5.00). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.62-10.55 (m, 3 NH); 8.60-8.44 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 8.12-7.95 (m, 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.57-7.10 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.75 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.26-6.10 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.72, 5.49, 5.38 (m, 3 H-C(2')); 5.67 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); 5.21 (m, H-C(6) of chol); 4.44-4.14 (m, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H-C(3'), 3 H-C(4'), 4 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 4 H-C(5'), H-C(3) of chol); 3.68 (s, MeO); 3.15-2.88 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 4 H-C(5'), Anal. calc. for C on pnpeoc); 2.60-0.59 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>COO, 4 H-C(3'), 43 H of chol, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C C<sub>135</sub>H<sub>149</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>37</sub>P<sub>2</sub> · 0.5 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2762.2): C 58.92, H 5.47, N 10.65; found: C 58.29, H 5.56, N 10.36.

3'-Deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-O-[11-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)undecyl]adenosine Bis(1,8-diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-enium) Salt (59). A soln. of 56 (56 mg, 20 µmol) in MeOH/ CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH was stirred at r.t. for 60 min. The mixture was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 ml) and washed with sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln. (3 × 20 ml), the aq. phase re-extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 × 20 ml), the org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and treated with Et<sub>2</sub>O. A colourless powder was obtained on centrifugation. After co-evaporation with dry pyridine (3 × 5 ml), this solid was dissolved in 0.5M DBU/MeCN (0.7 ml) and the soln. stirred at r.t. for 3 d, then neutralized with 1M AcOH, evaporated, and co-evaporated with toluene (3 × 5 ml). The residue was washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 10 mg (42%) of 59. Colourless powder. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH 50:20:4) R<sub>t</sub> 0.40. HPLC (0.1M (Et<sub>3</sub>NH)OAc buffer (pH 7)/THF/MeCN 15:10:75): t<sub>R</sub> 9.04 min. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO with little CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 8.50-8.10 (m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8)); 7.20-7.10 (m, 3 H<sub>2</sub>); 6.15, 5.99 (2s, 2 H-C(1')); 5.90 (d, J = 5.5, H-C(1')); 5.46, 5.22, 5.02 (m, 3 H-C(2)); 5.31 (m, H-C(6) of chol); 4.71 (m, H-C(3')); 4.33 (m, 3 H-C(4'), H-C(3) of chol); 4.02 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>OCOO); 3.95-3.33 (m, 6 H-C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 4 H-C(2) of DBU, 4 H-C(11) of DBU, 4 H-C(9) of DBU); 2.40-0.64 (m, 4 H-C(6) of DBU, 4 H-C(10) of DBU, 4 H-C(3'), 4.31 H of chol, 9 CH<sub>2</sub>, 4 H-C(3) of DBU, 4 H-C(4) of DBU).

3'-Deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-deoxyadenylyl-(2'  $\rightarrow$  5')-3'-O-{2-[2-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl}adenosine Bis(1.8-diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-enium) Salt (60). As described for 59, with 57 (470 mg, 170 µmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (5 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. After workup, the residue was treated with 0.5M DBU/MeCN (10 ml), the soln. at r.t. for 3 d, then neutralized with 1M AcOH, and evaporated, and the residue washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 220 mg (80%) of 60. Colourless powder. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O/ MeOH 50:20:4): R<sub>f</sub> 0.35. HPLC (0.1M (Et<sub>3</sub>NH)OAc buffer (pH 7)/THF/MeCN 15:10:75) (HPLC (see 53 for A-C; gradient: 0-20 min 90% A in  $B \rightarrow 100\%$  B, 20-40 min 100%  $B \rightarrow 100\%$  C): t<sub>R</sub> 36.80 min.

3'-Deoxyadenylyl- $(2' \rightarrow 5')$ -3'-deoxyadenylyl- $(2' \rightarrow 5')$ -3'-O-[5-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyl)pentyl]adenosine Bis(1,8-diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-enium) Salt (61). a) A soln. of 58 (16 mg, 5.8 µmol) in MeOH/ CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH was stirred at r.t. for 20 min. The mixture was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 ml) and washed with sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln. (3 × 20 ml) and the aq. phase re-extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 × 20 ml). The org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and treated with Et<sub>2</sub>O. A colourless powder was obtained on centrifugation. After co-evaporation with dry pyridine (3 × 5 ml), this solid was dissolved in 0.5m DBU/MeCN (0.35 ml) and the soln. stirred at r.t. for 3 d, then neutralized with 1M ACOH, evaporated, and co-evaporated with toluene (3 × 5 ml). The residue was washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 6.0 mg (67%) of 61. Colourless powder. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH 50:20:4): R<sub>t</sub> 0.31. HPLC (0.1M (Et<sub>3</sub>NH)OAc buffer (pH 7)/THF/MeCN 15:10:75): t<sub>R</sub> 3.60 min.

b) As described before, with **66** (14 mg, 5.1  $\mu$ mol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. After workup, the residue was treated with 0.5M DBU/MeCN (0.33 ml), the soln. at r.t. for 3 d, then neutralized with 1M AcOH; and evaporated, and the residue washed and centrifugated several times with MeCN: 4.6 mg (53%) of **61**. Colourless powder.

3'-O-(5-Carboxypentyl)-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]adenosine (**62**). A soln. of **31** (81 mg, 88 µmol) in 0.1M DBU/MeCN (4.5) was stirred at r.t. for 3 h, then neutralized with 1M AcOH, and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub> (20 ml) and the soln. washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 20 ml). The aq. phase was re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 20 ml), the combined org. layer dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated, and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 9$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5 (100 ml)): 54 mg (72%) of **62**. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_f$  0.38. UV (MeOH): 266(4.48), 232(4.35). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 12.01 (br. s, COOH); 10.63 (s, NH); 8.58, 8.55 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15 (d, 2 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60 (d, 2 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.34-7.17 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.83 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 5.99 (d, J = 4.4, H-C(1')); 5.98 (d, OH-C(2')); 4.91 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.37 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.20-4.08 (m, H-C(4'), H-C(3')); 3.71 (s, MeO); 3.65-3.18 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.09 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 2.16 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.68-1.20 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C4<sub>3</sub>H<sub>46</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>11</sub> (846.9): C 63.82, H 5.47, N 9.92; found: C 63.35, H 5.72, N 9.58.

3'-O-(5-Carboxypentyl)-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-2'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl]adenosine (63). To 62 (56 mg, 66 µmol), which was co-evaporated in abs. pyridine (2 × 5 ml), 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl chloride [25] (40 mg, 0.16 mmol) and dry pyridine (5 ml) were added. The mixture was kept at r.t. for 4 h and then evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene (3 × 10 ml). The residue was dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub> (10 ml), the soln. washed with sat. NACl soln. (3 × 20 ml), and the aq. phase re-extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3 × 20 ml). The org. layer was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated and the residue purified by FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 8$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)): 60 mg (86%) of 63. Colourless foam. TLC (CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH 9:1):  $R_t$  0.69. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(4.59), 237(4.39). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 11.97 (br. s, COOH); 10.66 (s, NH); 8.60, 8.50 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.18-8.11 (m, 4 H or to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.61-7.46 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.32-7.13 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.41 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.38 (d, J = 3.1, H-C(1')); 6.02 (dd, H-C(2')); 4.71 (t, H-C(3')); 4.38 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc); 4.14 (m, H-C(4')); 3.92-3.84 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes); 3.71 (s, MeO); 3.63-3.15 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5')); 3.15-3.08 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes); 2.11 (t, CH<sub>2</sub>COO); 1.50-1.16 (m, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>53</sub>H<sub>53</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub>S (1060.1): C 60.05, H 5.04, N 9.25; found: 60.02, H 5.30, N 8.53.

3'-O-[5-(Cholest-5-en-3β-yloxycarbonyl)pentyl]-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-2'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl]adenosine (64). As described for 15, with 63 (31 mg, 29 µmol), EDC · HCl (17 mg, 89 µmol), DMAP (12 mg, 98 µmol), abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 ml), and cholesteroi (34 mg, 88 µmol). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 8 cm; toluene (25 ml), toluene/AcOEt 9:1 (25 ml), 7:1 (40 ml), 5:1 (30 ml), 1:1 (40 ml)) led to 24 mg (60%) of 64. Colourless foam. TLC (toluene/AcOEt 1:1:):  $R_r$  0.50. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(4.57), 237(4.41). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.69 (s, NH); 8.61, 8.52 (2s, H-C(2), H-C(8)); 8.15-8.10 (m, 4 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60-7.46 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.30-7.13 (m, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.82 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.38 (d, J = 3.1, H-C(1')); 6.00 (dd, H-C(2')); 3.29 (m, H-C(6) of chol); 4.72 (m, H-C(3')); 3.60-3.08 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CP<sub>0</sub>Of npeoc, H-C(3) of chol); 4.12 (m, H--C(4')); 3.85 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes); 3.73 (s, MeO); 3.60-3.08 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes); 2.22-0.63 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CCO, 43 H of chol, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>80</sub>H<sub>97</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub>S (1428.8): C 67.25, H 6.84, N 6.86; found: C 67.62, H 7.40, N 5.83.

3'-O-[5-(Cholest-5-en-3β-yloxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-2'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl]adenosine (65). As described for 37, with 64 (71 mg, 50 µmol) in MeOH/CHCl<sub>3</sub> 4:1 (1 ml) containing 2% of TsOH. Workup and FC (silica gel (5 g),  $1.5 \times 6$  cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)) gave 51 mg (89%) of 65. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.51. UV (MeOH): 272 (sh, 4.51), 267 (4.55), 251 (sh, 4.45). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR ((D<sub>6</sub>)DMSO): 10.66 (s, NH); 8.69, 8.56 (2s, H-C(2)), H-C(8)); 8.16 (m, 4 H o NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.60-7.45 (m, 4 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>); 6.34 (d, J = 4.3, H-C(1')); 5.73 (dd, H-C(2')); 5.31 (m, OH-C(5'), H-C(6) of chol); 4.40 (m, H-C(3'), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, H-C(3) of chol); 4.11 (m, H-C(4')); 3.90-3.50 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>O-C(3'), 2 H-C(5'), CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes); 3.10 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeos); 2.24-0.61 (m, CH<sub>2</sub>COO, 43 H of chol, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>60</sub>H<sub>81</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>14</sub>S (1153.4): C 62.32, H 7.06, N 8.48; found: C 61.97, H 7.50, N 7.87.

3'-Deoxy-5'-O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-deoxy-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl] adenylyl-{2'-{O<sup>P</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]}  $\rightarrow$  5'}-3'-O-[5-(cholest-5-en-3 $\beta$ -yloxycarbonyl)pentyl]-N<sup>6</sup>-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxycarbonyl]-2'-O-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethoxysulfonyl]adenosine (**66**). As described for **42**, with **65** (36 mg, 31 µmol), **1** [15] (95 mg, 57 µmol), 1*H*-tetrazole (11 mg, 0.16 mmol), and abs. MeCN (2 ml) mixed with abs. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 ml). Workup and purification by FC (silica gel (5 g), 1.5 × 10 cm; CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 ml), CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 99:1 (50 ml), 98:2 (50 ml)) yielded 42 mg (49%) of **66**. Colourless foam. TLC (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH 95:5): *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.38. UV (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): 266(5.00). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 8.62-8.48, 8.20-7.95 (2m, 3 H-C(2), 3 H-C(8), 12 H o to NO<sub>2</sub>); 7.41-7.13 (m, 12 H m to NO<sub>2</sub>, 12 H of MeOTr); 6.78 (d, 2 H o to MeO); 6.18-6.00 (m, 3 H-C(1')); 5.72-5.30 (m, 3 H-C(2'), H-C(6))

of chol); 4.60–4.15 (*m*, 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npe, H–C(3'), 3 H–C(4'), 3 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, 4 H–C(5'), H–C(3) of chol); 3.73 (*s*, MeO); 3.65–2.95 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npes, CH<sub>2</sub>O–C(3'), 2 H–C(5'), 2 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeo, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeoc, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O of npeos); 2.48–0.65 (*m*, CH<sub>2</sub>COO, 4 H–C(3'), 43 H of chol, 3 CH<sub>2</sub>). Anal. calc. for C<sub>134</sub>H<sub>149</sub>N<sub>21</sub>O<sub>37</sub>P<sub>2</sub>S (2739.8): C 58.74, H 5.48, N 10.74; found: C 59.13, H 5.45, N 9.95.

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